

$$7. \text{ Length} = \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$8. \text{ Length} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + 7^2} = \sqrt{53}$$

$$9. \text{ Length} = \sqrt{0^2 + 1^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{26}$$

$$10. \text{ Length} = \sqrt{(-2)^2 + 1^2 + (-3)^2} = \sqrt{14}$$

$$15. (1)(3) + (2)(-1) = \textcircled{1}$$

$$16. (-1)(-3) + (2)(-4) = \textcircled{-5}$$

$$17. (0)(-3) + (-1)(1) + (3)(1) = \textcircled{2}$$

$$18. (2)(3) + (-3)(1) + (1)(-2) = \textcircled{1}$$

$$19. \text{Length} = \sqrt{\underline{8} \cdot \underline{8}}$$

$$= \sqrt{(0)(0) + (-1)(-1) + (2)(2)} = \textcircled{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$20. \text{Length} = \sqrt{\underline{8} \cdot \underline{8}} = \sqrt{(-1)(-1) + (4)(4) + (3)(3)} = \textcircled{\sqrt{26}}$$

$$21. \text{Length} = \sqrt{\underline{8} \cdot \underline{8}} = \sqrt{(1)(1) + (2)(2) + (3)(3) + (4)(4)}$$

$$= \textcircled{\sqrt{30}}$$

$$22. \text{Length} = \sqrt{\underline{8} \cdot \underline{8}} = \sqrt{(-1)(-1) + (-2)(-2) + (-3)(-3) + (-4)(-4)} = \textcircled{\sqrt{30}}$$

23. If angle is θ , then

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x \cdot y}{(\text{Length of } x)(\text{Length of } y)} = \frac{x \cdot y}{\sqrt{x \cdot x} \sqrt{y \cdot y}}$$

$$= \frac{(1)(3) + (2)(-1)}{\sqrt{1^2 + 2^2} \sqrt{3^2 + (-1)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{10}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{50}}$$

$$\therefore \theta = \arccos\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{50}}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{50}}\right)$$

24. $\cos \theta = \frac{x \cdot y}{\sqrt{x \cdot x} \sqrt{y \cdot y}} = \frac{(-1)(-2) + (2)(-4)}{\sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2} \sqrt{(-2)^2 + (-4)^2}}$

$$= \frac{\cancel{2} - 6}{\sqrt{5} \sqrt{20}}$$

$$= \frac{-\cancel{2}6}{\sqrt{100}} = \frac{-\cancel{2}6}{10} = \frac{-6}{10}$$

$$\theta = \arccos\left(\frac{-6}{10}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-6}{10}\right) \quad \cancel{\text{[scribble]}}$$

25.

$$\begin{aligned}\cos \theta &= \frac{x \cdot y}{\sqrt{x \cdot x} \sqrt{y \cdot y}} \\ &= \frac{(0)(-3) + (-1)(1) + (3)(1)}{\sqrt{0^2 + (-1)^2 + 3^2} \sqrt{(-3)^2 + 1^2 + 1^2}} \\ &= \frac{2}{\sqrt{10} \sqrt{11}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{110}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \arccos\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{110}}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{110}}\right)$$

26.

$$\begin{aligned}\cos \theta &= \frac{x \cdot y}{\sqrt{x \cdot x} \sqrt{y \cdot y}} \\ &= \frac{(1)(3) + (-3)(1) + (2)(-4)}{\sqrt{1^2 + (-3)^2 + 2^2} \sqrt{3^2 + 1^2 + (-4)^2}} \\ &= \frac{-8}{\sqrt{14} \sqrt{26}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\theta = \arccos\left(\frac{-8}{\sqrt{14} \sqrt{26}}\right) = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-8}{\sqrt{14} \sqrt{26}}\right)$$