

30. $\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{1}{2}y^2 - 2y = \frac{1}{2}y(y-4)$

$$\Rightarrow \int \frac{dy}{y(y-4)} = \int \frac{1}{2} dt$$

Use partial fractions on $\frac{1}{y(y-4)}$

$$\frac{1}{y(y-4)} = \frac{A}{y} + \frac{B}{y-4}$$

$$= \frac{A(y-4) + By}{y(y-4)}$$

$$= \frac{(A+B)y - 4A}{y(y-4)}$$

$$\therefore A+B=0, \quad -4A=1$$

$$\Rightarrow A = -\frac{1}{4}, \quad B = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore \int \frac{dy}{y(y-4)} = \int \left(\frac{-\frac{1}{4}}{y} + \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{y-4} \right) dy$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \ln|y| + \frac{1}{4} \ln|y-4|$$

$$= + \frac{1}{4} (\ln |y-4| - \ln |y|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \ln \left(\frac{|y-4|}{|y|} \right)$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{y(y-4)} = \int \frac{1}{2} dt \quad \text{becomes :}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} \ln \left(\frac{|y-4|}{|y|} \right) = \frac{1}{2} t + C$$

$$\Rightarrow \ln \left(\frac{|y-4|}{|y|} \right) = 2t + 4C$$

Exponentiating both sides,

$$\Rightarrow e^{\ln \left(\frac{|y-4|}{|y|} \right)} = e^{(2t+4C)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{|y-4|}{|y|} = e^{4C} \cdot e^{2t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y-4}{y} = \pm e^{4C} e^{2t} = C_1 e^{2t} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Renaming} \\ \pm e^{4C} = C_1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\therefore y-4 = y C_1 e^{2t}$$

$$\therefore y - yC_1 e^{2t} = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow y(1 - C_1 e^{2t}) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{4}{1 - C_1 e^{2t}}$$

Using $y = -3$ when $t = 0$.

$$-3 = \frac{4}{1 - C_1 e^{2(0)}} = \frac{4}{1 - C_1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - C_1 = -\frac{4}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_1 = 1 + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} y &= \frac{4}{1 - \frac{7}{3}e^{2t}} \\ &= \frac{12}{3 - 7e^{2t}} \end{aligned}}$$